

Эффект Холла в системе с магнитными примесями $La_{1-x}Ce_xB_6$ ($x \leq 0.1$)

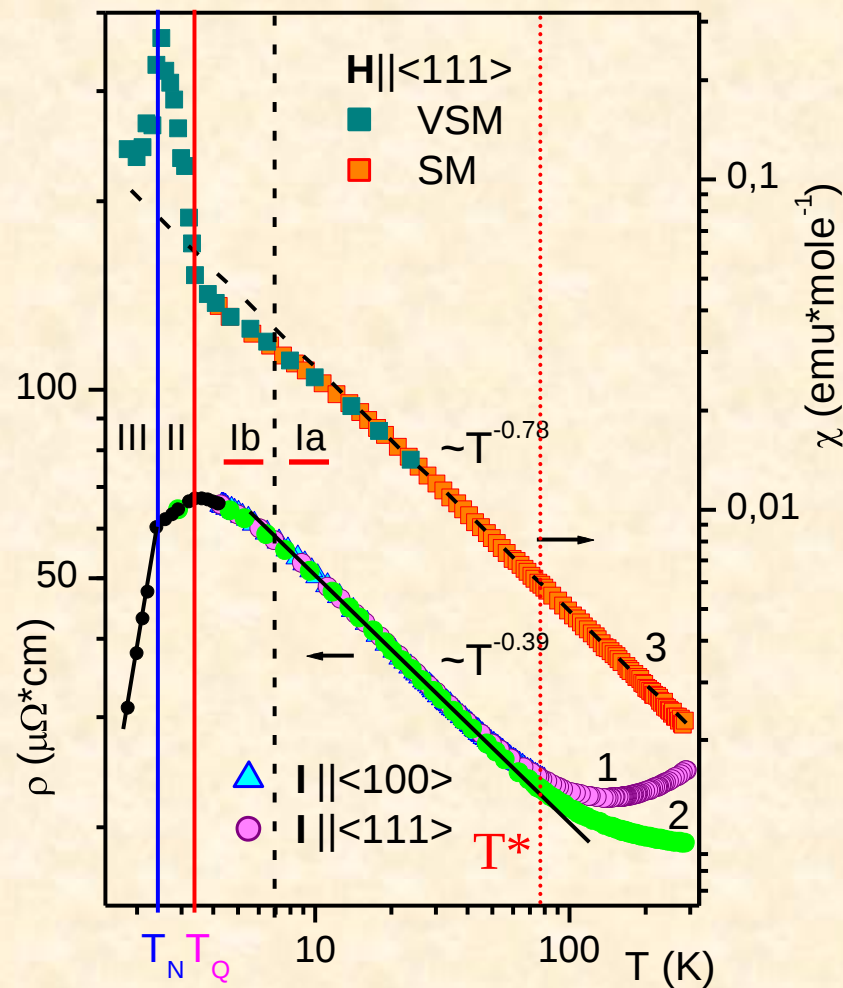


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$T^* \approx 80\text{K}$ CDW formation

Ia **7-80K**- DOS renormalization
(spin-polarons)

Ib **3.3-7K**- spin polaron- ferron
transformation

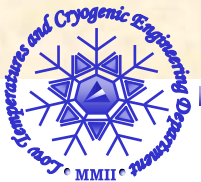
$T_Q = 3.3\text{K}$ - SDW transition
(decoupling of Ce^{3+} LMM
and SDW)

II **2.3-3.3K** - SDW-phase
with embedded Ce^{3+} LMM

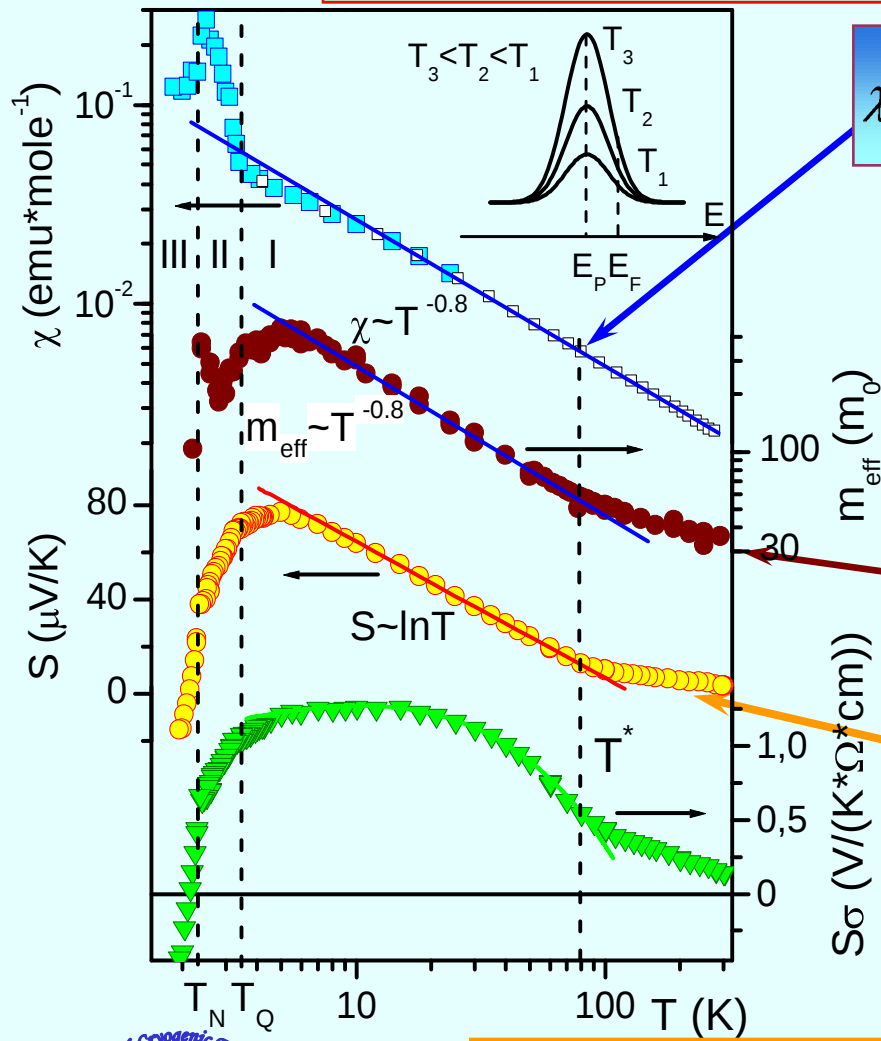
$T_N = 2.3\text{K}$ - AFM transition
in the Ce^{3+} LMM system

III **$T < 2.3\text{K}$** - AFM-phase

N.E.Sluchanko et al., JETP 104 (2007) 120



Spin-polaron resonance in vicinity of Fermi level



$$\chi_p \approx \frac{1}{2} g^2 \mu_B^2 N(E_F) \approx \frac{1}{4} g^2 \mu_B^2 \frac{m_{\text{eff}}^* k_F}{\pi^2 \hbar^2}$$

Quasielastic peak in neutrons' spectra -
 $\Gamma(T)/2 = \hbar / \tau_{\text{eff}}(T)$

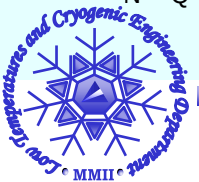
$$R_H(T), \rho(T)$$

$$m_{\text{eff}}^*(T) = e \tau_{\text{eff}}(T) / \mu_H(T)$$

$$S_d(T) \approx \frac{\pi^2 k_B^2}{3e} T \left[\frac{\partial \ln N(E)}{\partial E} + \frac{\partial \ln \tau(E)}{\partial E} \right]_{E_F}$$

$N(E_F)$ increases drastically!

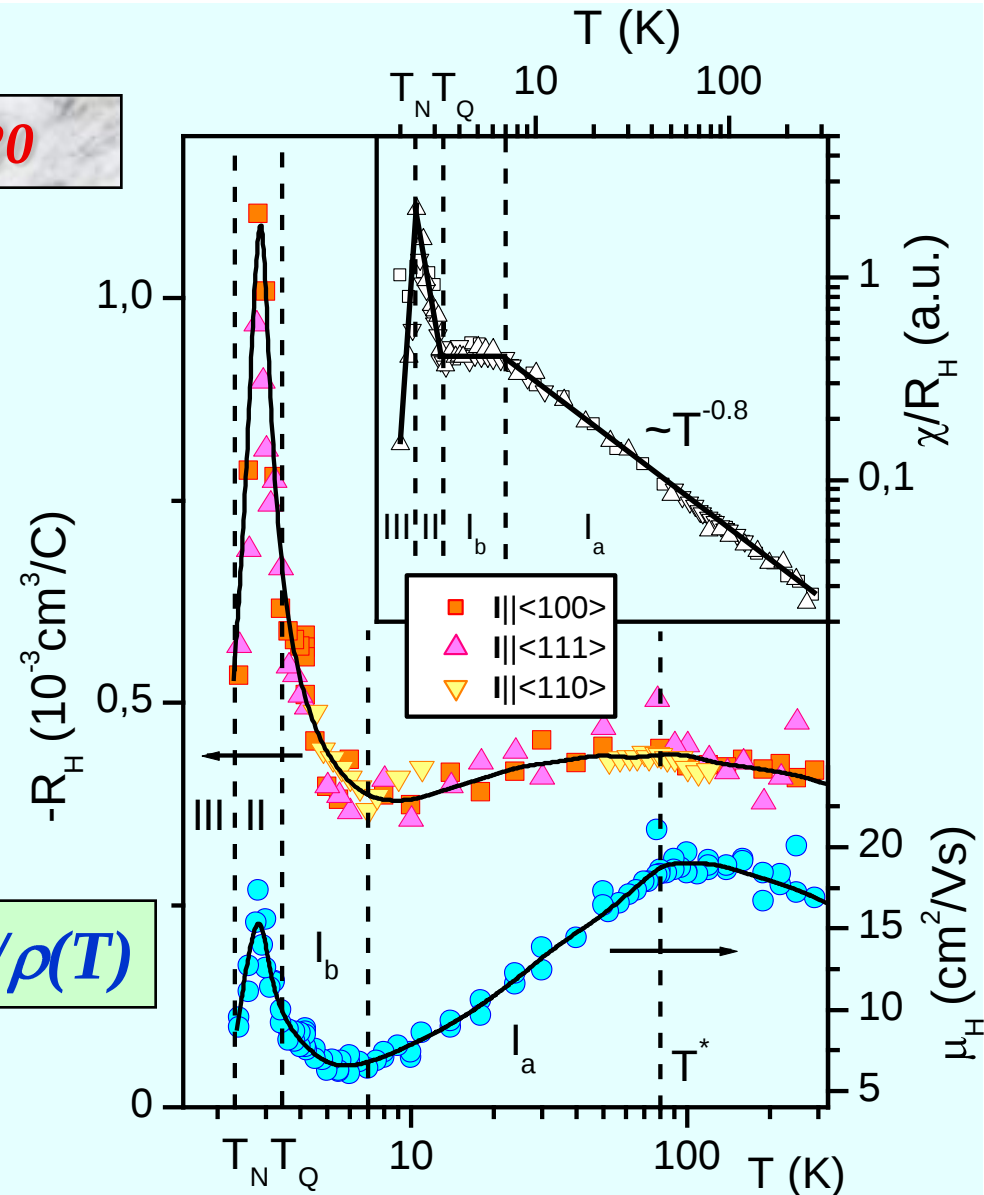
??? Stoner-like criterion $U \cdot N(E_F) \geq 1$???

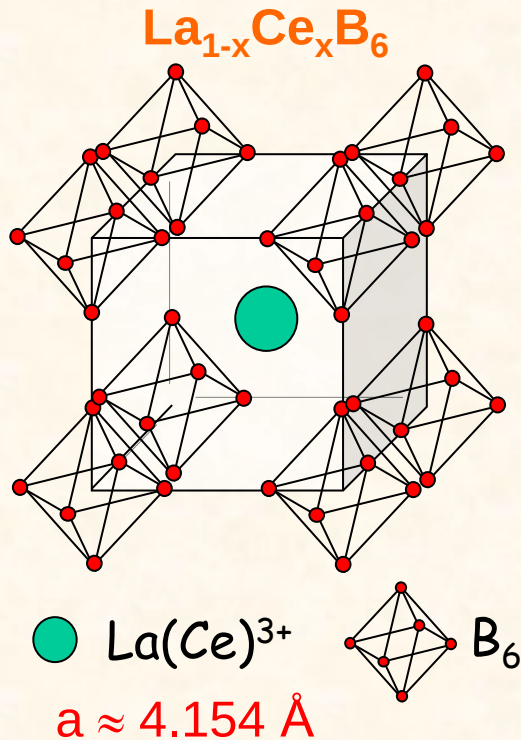


N.E.Sluchanko et al., JETP 104 (2007) 120

$R_H(T) \approx \text{const} < 0$
 contradicts to the
 predictions of
 Kondo-lattice and
 skew-scattering models

$$\mu_H(T) = R_H(T) / \rho(T)$$



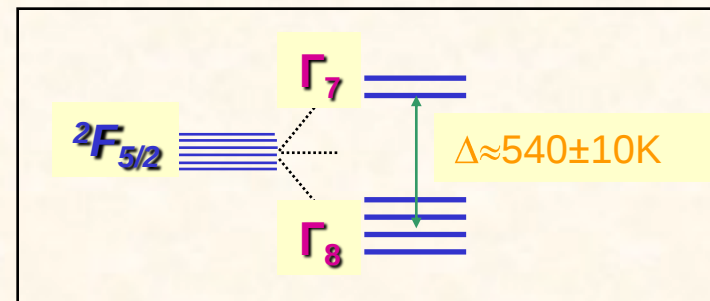


It is commonly believed that $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$:

- ✓ ① So-called *dilute Kondo system (Kondo-impurity limit)* with $n_e \gg n_{4f}$ and very small Kondo temperature $T_K \approx 1\text{K}$
- ✓ ② Γ_8 - quartet ground state
- ✓ ③ 4f (LMM)- paramagnetism of nearly independent Ce^{3+} magnetic moments

Inelastic neutron scattering experiments in CeB_6 -
M.Loewenhaupt et. al., JMMM, 52(1985)245
 Raman scattering data-
G.Guntherodt et. al., JMMM, 52(1985)245

The $\text{La}(\text{Ce})^{3+}$ ion is weakly bound and sits in a rigid three-dimensional boron “cage”.



Dilute Kondo behavior of resistivity $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$???

N.Sato et al., JPSJ, 54 (1985) 1923

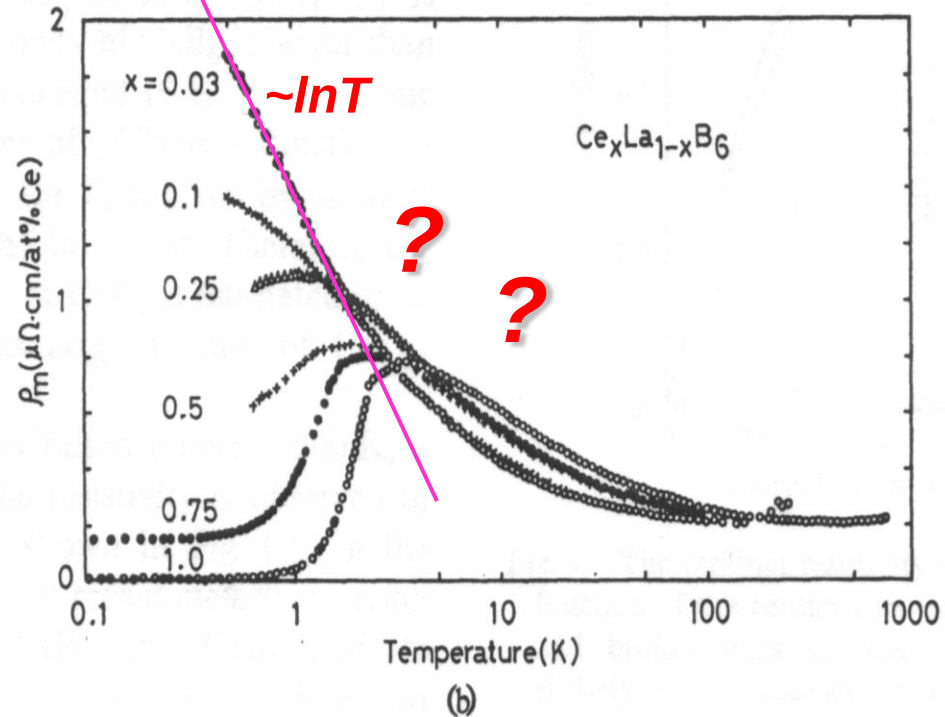
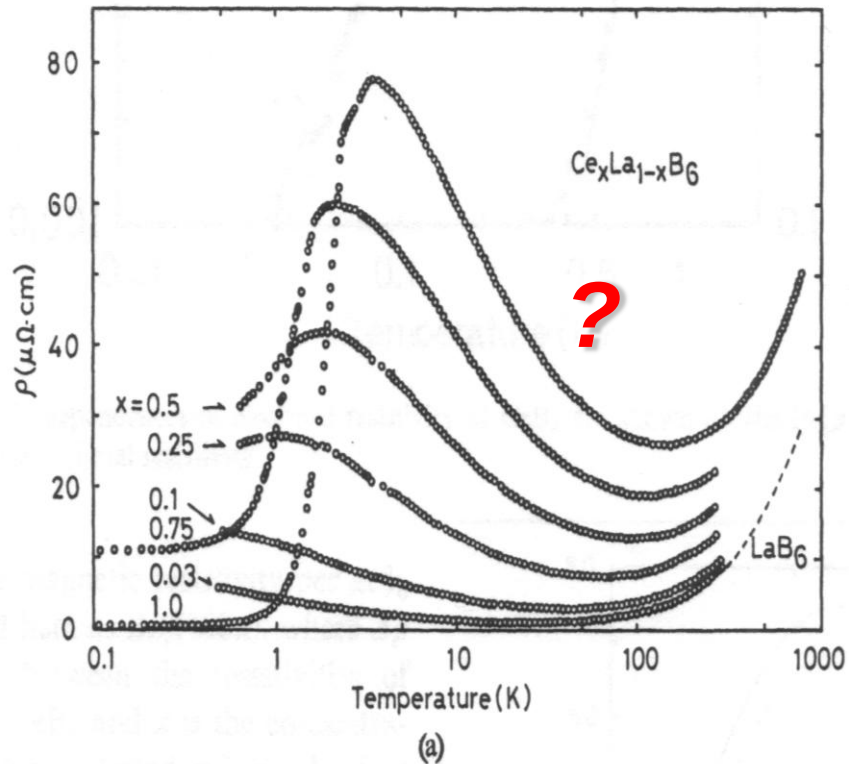


Fig. 1. (a) Temperature dependence of electrical resistivity of $\text{Ce}_x\text{La}_{1-x}\text{B}_6$. The direction of the current is parallel to $\langle 110 \rangle$ for $x=1, 0.1, 0.03$, $\langle 100 \rangle$ for $x=0.75, 0.5$ and $\langle 111 \rangle$ for $x=0.25$.
(b) The magnetic resistivity defined as $\rho_m \equiv (\rho - \rho_{\text{LaB}_6})/(100x)$ is shown as a function of temperature.

Dilute Kondo behavior of resistivity $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$???

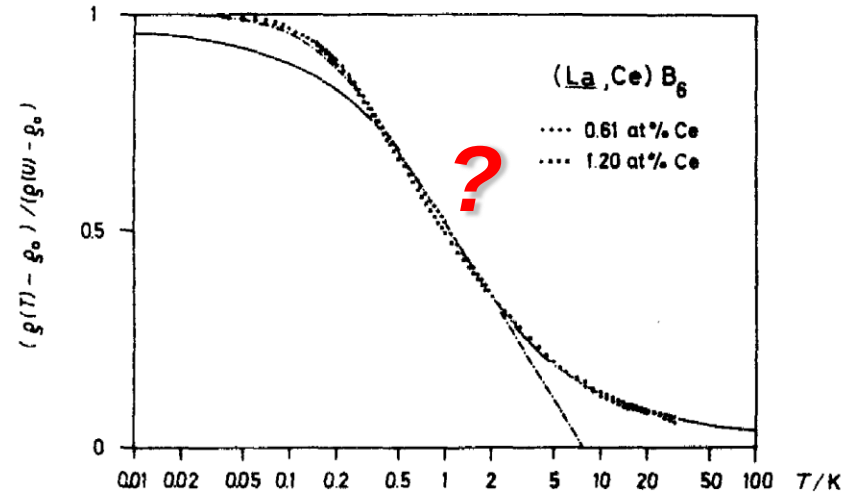
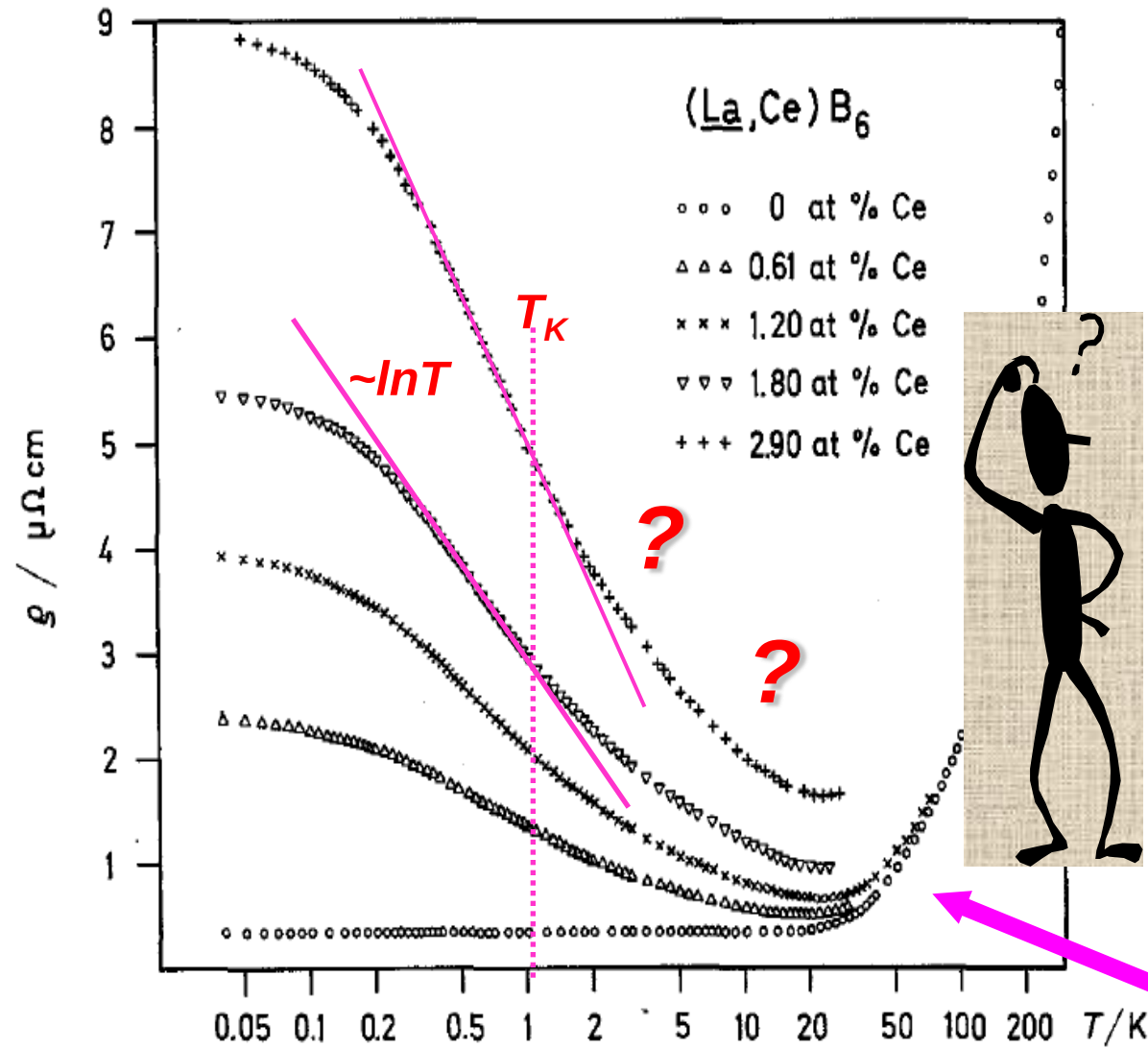


FIG. 2. Normalized temperature dependent part of the resistivity $[\rho(T) - \rho_0] / [\rho(0) - \rho_0]$ v temperature T . Solid curve: Hamann fit with $S = 0.3$ and $T_K = 1.05$ K. Dashed-dotted curve: empirical expression for $T \leq T_K$.

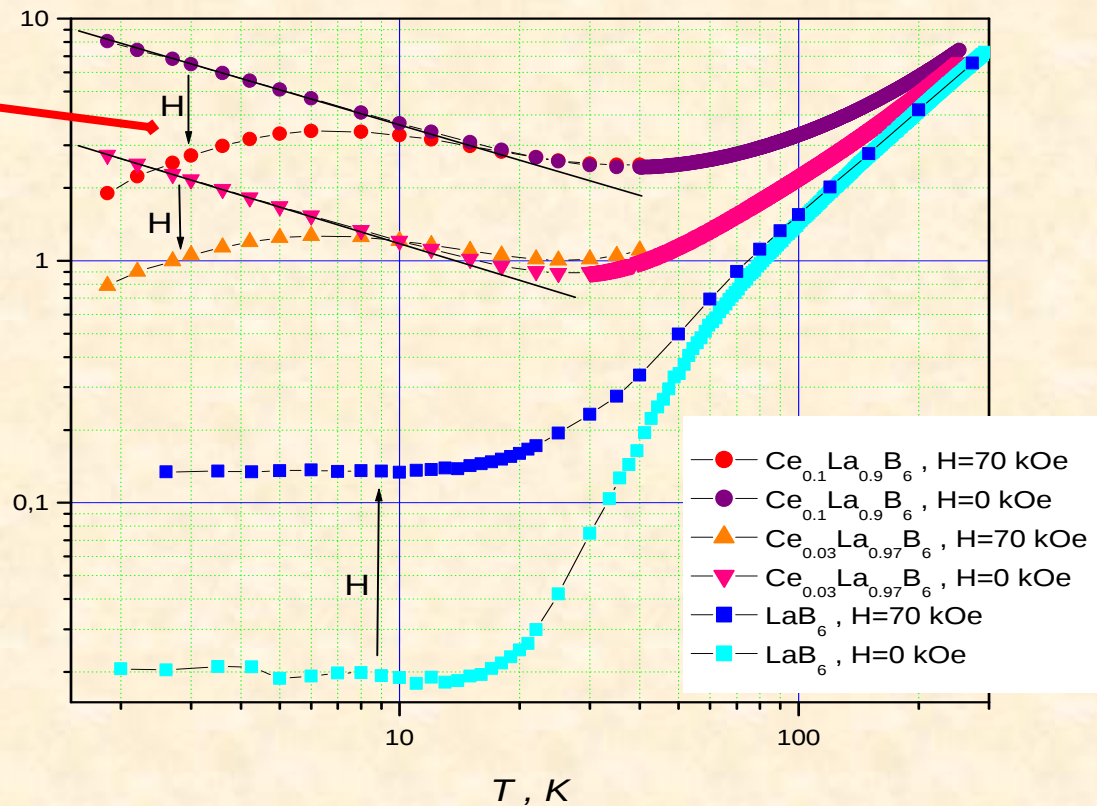
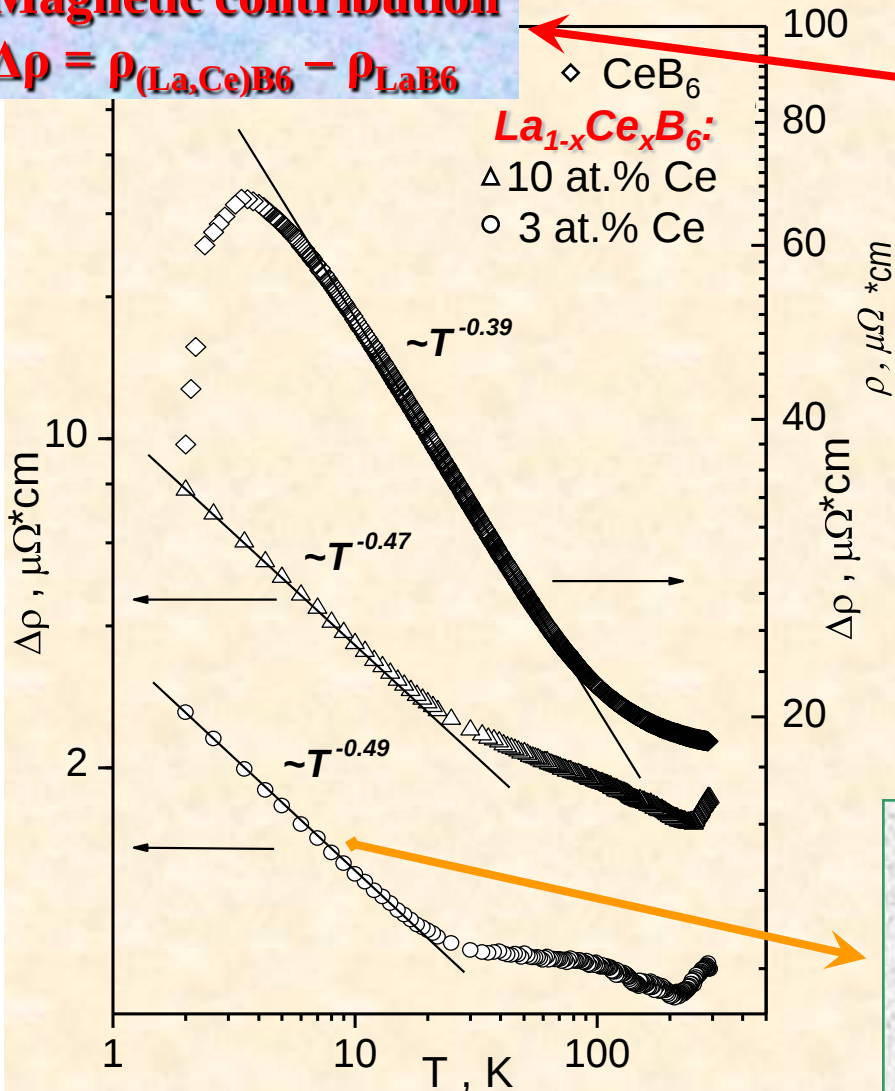
K.Winzer, SSC, 16 (1975) 521
K.Samwer, K.Winzer, Z.Phys.B, 25 (1976) 269



Resistivity of $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$

Magnetic contribution

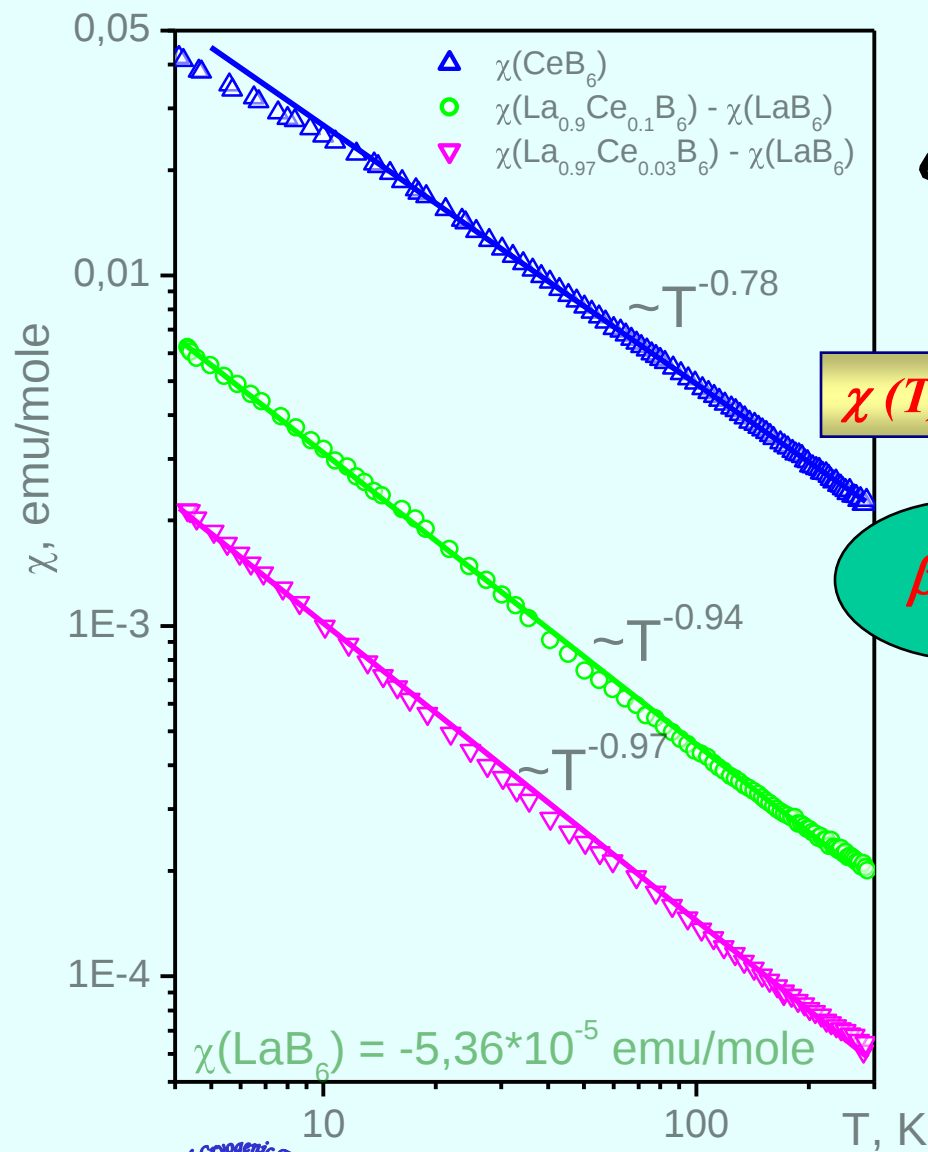
$$\Delta\rho = \rho_{(\text{La,Ce})\text{B}_6} - \rho_{\text{LaB}_6}$$



$\rho \sim T^{-1/\eta}$ with exponent $1/\eta = 0.39 \pm 0.02$ (CeB_6)
 and $0.47-0.49$ ($\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$ in the range $x \leq 0.1$)
weak localization type behavior
 W.L.McMillan, Phys. Rev. B, **24**, 2739 (1981)
 instead of Kondo-type $\rho(T)$ logarithmic
 temperature dependence



Magnetic susceptibility temperature dependencies of $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$

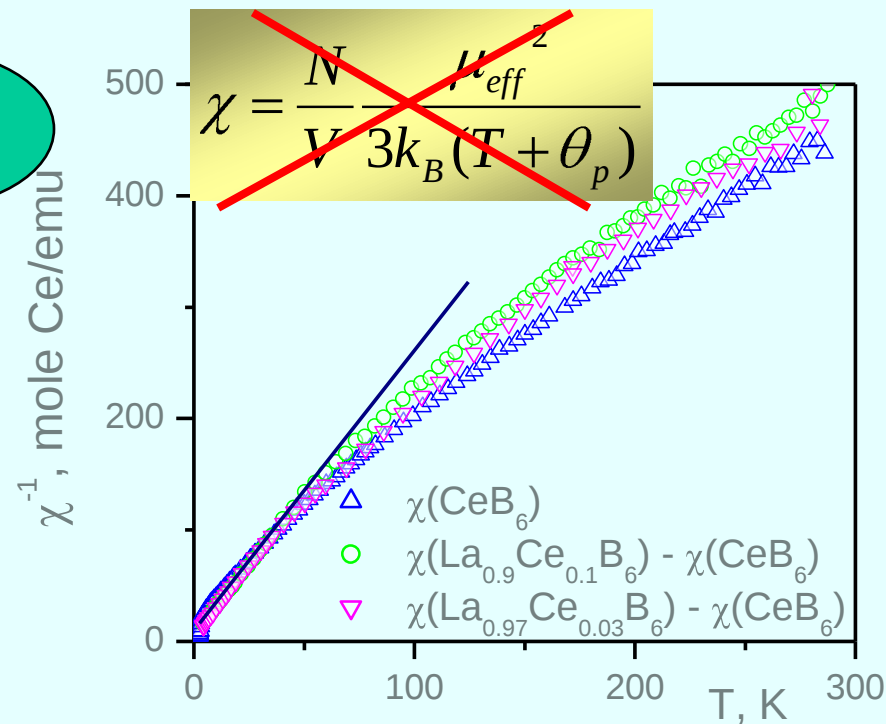


$\mu_{\text{eff}} \approx 1.0 \mu_B$ for CeB_6
 in the interval 5-220K

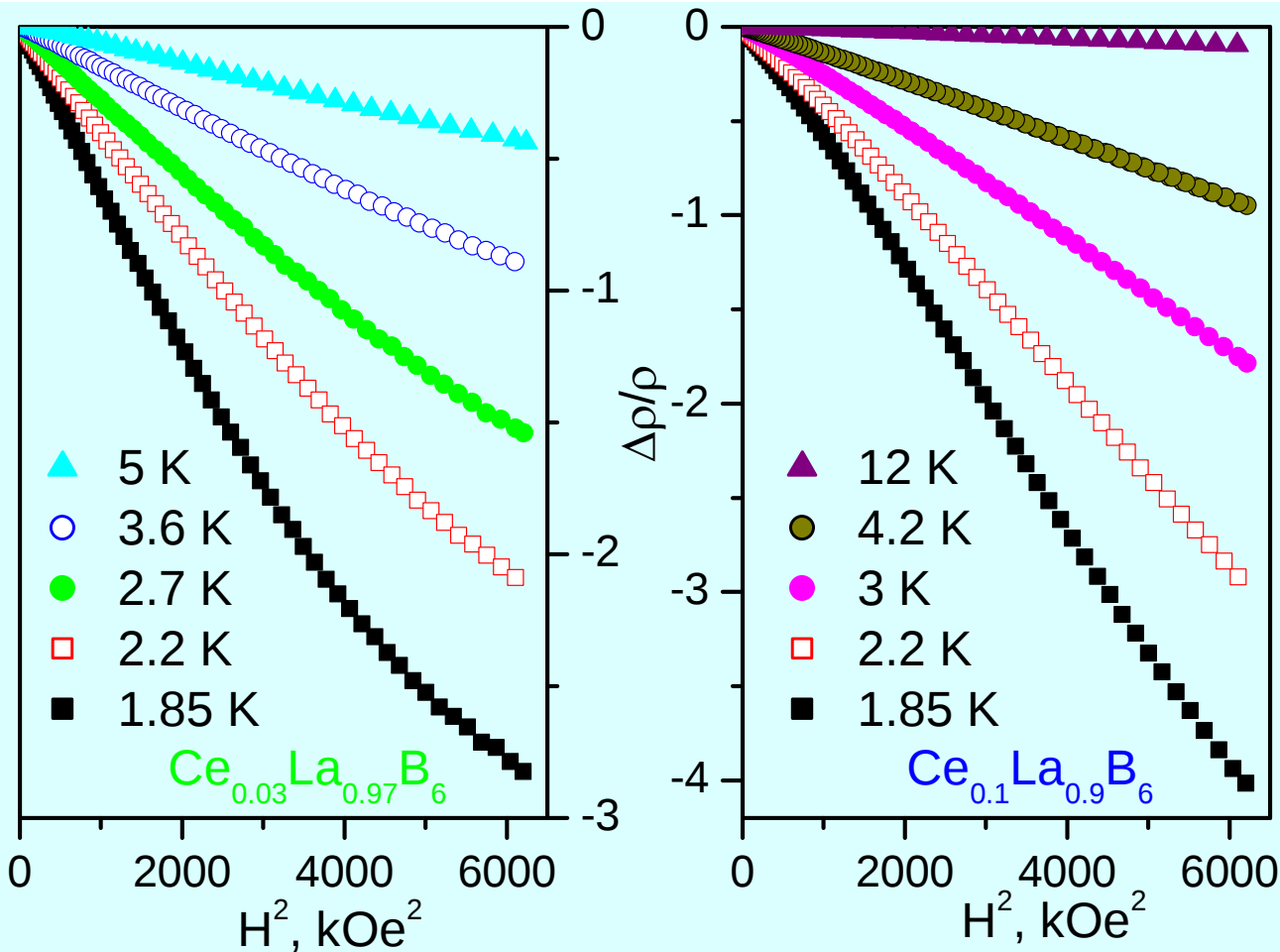
Inelastic neutron scattering experiments-
S.Horn, F.Steglich, M.Loewenhaupt et. al.,
Z.Phys.B, 42(1981)125

$\chi(T) \sim T^{-\beta} \sim \rho^2 \sim T^{-2\alpha}$ instead of Curie-Weiss law

$\beta = 2\alpha$



Magnetoresistance of $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$



K.Yosida, Phys. Rev., 107 (1957) 396.

$$-\Delta\rho/\rho = 0.61 \langle M \rangle^2 / S^2 = \beta M_{\text{loc}}^2 \sim \beta \chi_{\text{loc}}^2 H^2$$



$$\chi_{\text{loc}}(T, H) = (1/H (d(\Delta\rho/\rho)/dH))^{1/2}$$

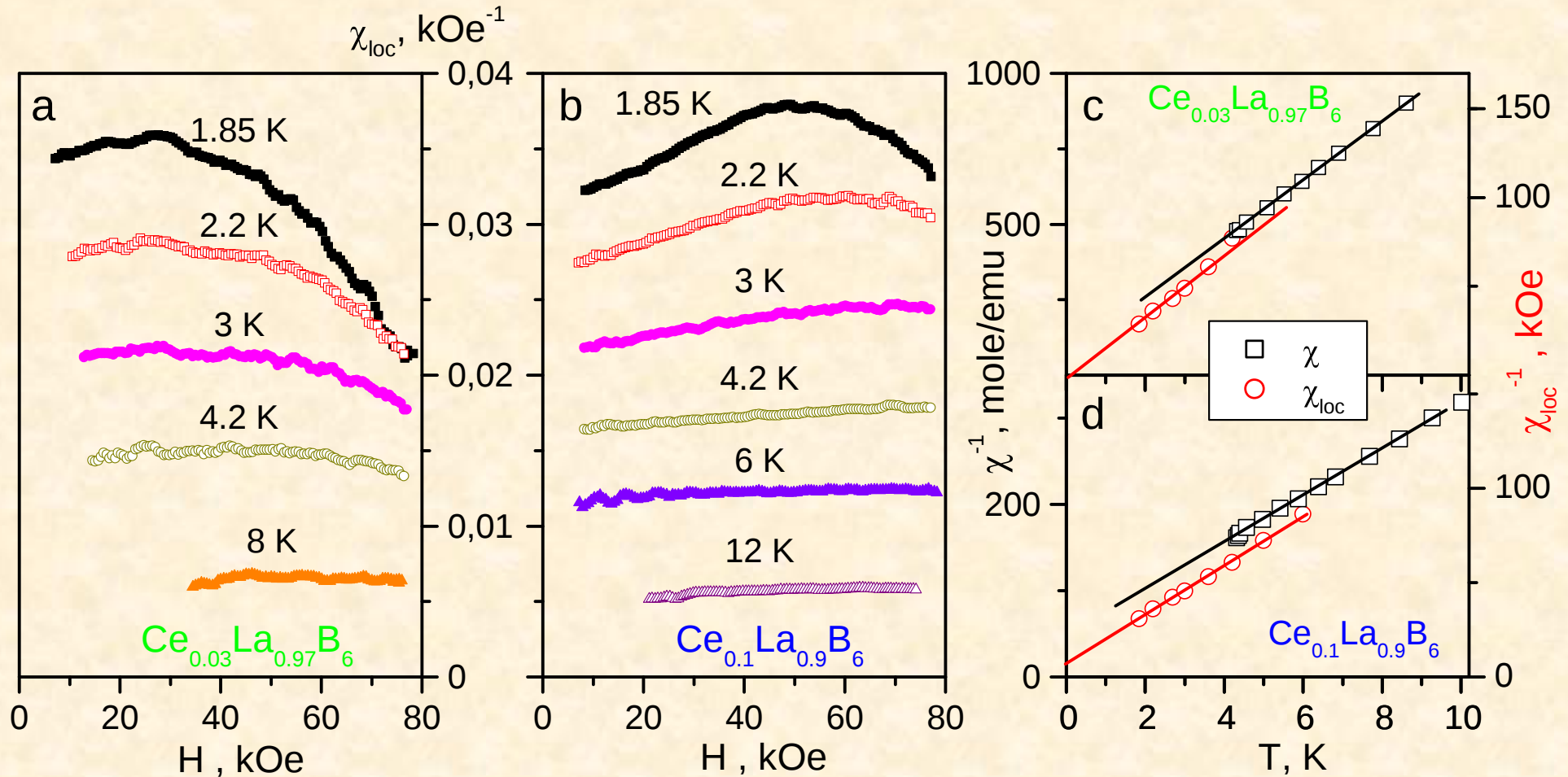
$$-\Delta\rho/\rho \sim H^2$$

CeB_6 , CeAl_2

A.V.Bogach et al,
JMMM **300** e1 (2006)
A.V.Bogach et al,
J.Sol.St.Ch. **179** 2819 (2006)
A.V.Bogach et al,
Physica B **378** 769 (2006)
N.E.Sluchanko et al,
JETP **104** 120 (2007)



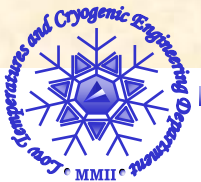
Local magnetic susceptibility of $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$



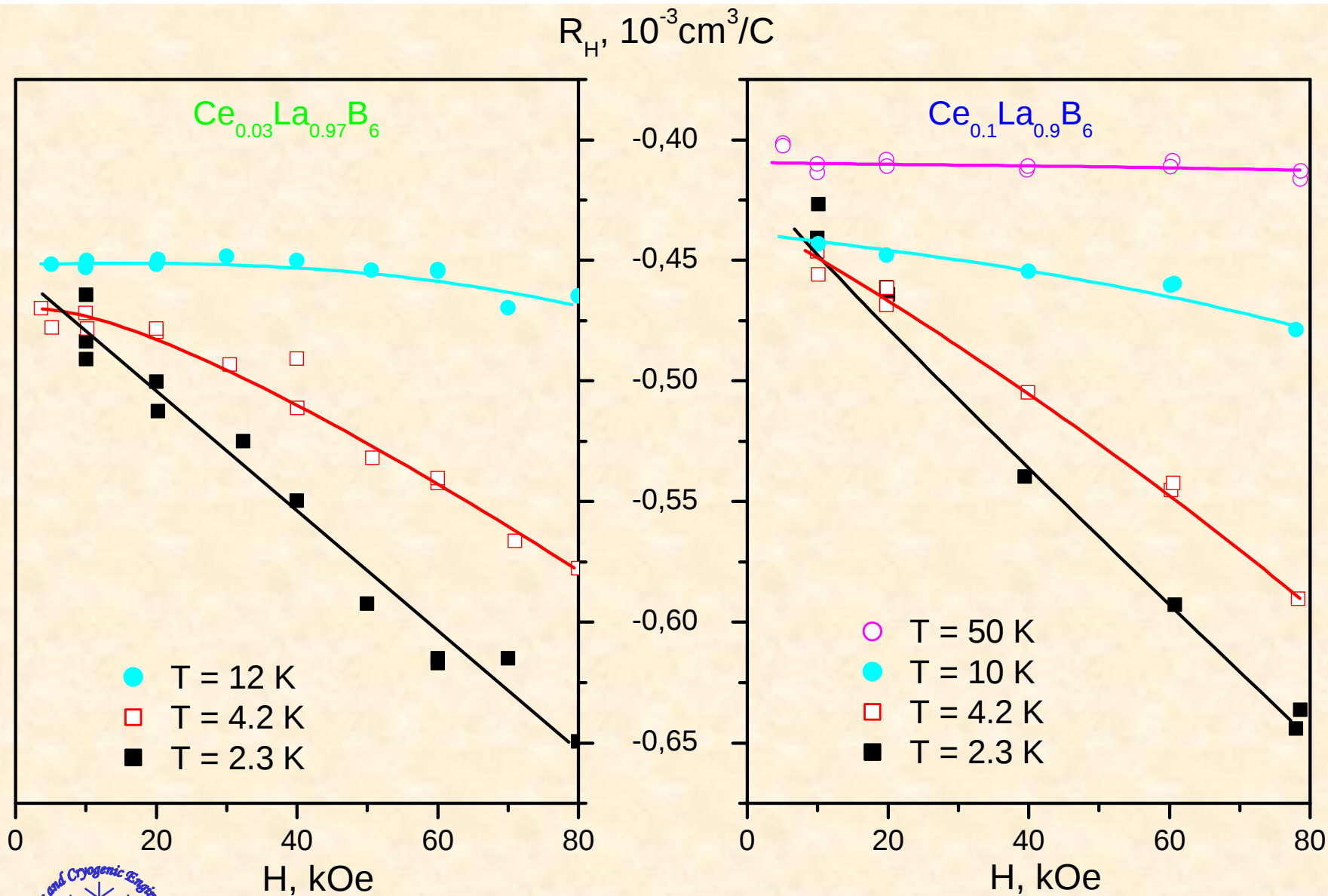
K.Yosida, Phys. Rev., 107 (1957) 396.

$$-\Delta\rho/\rho \approx \beta M_{\text{loc}}^2 \approx \beta \chi_{\text{loc}}^2 H^2$$

$$\chi_{\text{loc}}(T, H) = (1/H(d(\Delta\rho/\rho)/dH))^{1/2}$$



Hall coefficient field dependencies of $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$



Hall coefficient temperature dependencies of $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{B}_6$

